

Prospectus Supplement No. 1 dated November 20, 2019
(To Prospectus dated October 28, 2019)

GrowGeneration Corp.

**1,242,756 Shares
Common Stock**

This Prospectus Supplement No. 1 updates, amends, and supplements the information previously included in the Prospectus dated October 28, 2019 (the "Prospectus"), relating to the offer for sale of up to an aggregate of 1,242,756 shares of common stock of GrowGeneration Corp. (the "Company") by the selling stockholders named therein.

Material Information Reported in Current Report on Form 8-K

On November 5, 2019, the Company filed a Current Report on Form 8-K with the Securities and Exchange Commission (the "SEC") to announce the appointment of Tony Sullivan as Executive Vice President and Chief Operating Officer, and the resignation of Joe Prinzivalli as Chief Operating Officer and his appointment as Chief Technology Officer of the Company. The material portions of that Form 8-K are set forth below.

"On November 4, 2019, GrowGeneration Corp. (the "Company") appointed Tony Sullivan as its Executive Vice President and Chief Operating Officer. On the same day, Joe Prinzivalli resigned from the position as Chief Operating Officer and appointed as Chief Technology Officer of the Company.

From 2017 to recently, Mr. Sullivan served as Executive Vice President and Chief Operating Officer of Forman Mills, a \$300 million Private Equity sponsored business. From 2015 to 2017, he was Senior Vice President Operations for Dollar Express, a \$500 million carve-out of 330 Family Dollar stores in 36 states, Private Equity sponsored business. From 2006 to 2015, he was employed at Anna's Linens for 9+ years where he served in several operating roles, most recently as SVP, Chief Operating Officer. Previously Mr. Sullivan served for 20+ years at Foot Locker Inc. leading 2100 + stores, 3 Divisions (Foot Locker, Kids Foot Locker and Foot Action) over \$2.5B in sales as VP Store Operations. Mr. Sullivan is known and respected for his expertise in wide-range governance, hypergrowth, and macro-level strategic management methodologies, with an emphasis on identifying and addressing business infrastructure to position organizations for expansion and profitability. He has achieved outstanding success scaling businesses for rapid profits and market dominance in start-ups, private, PE-backed, and public companies with revenues up to \$2.5B+.

The Company entered into a 3-year employment agreement with Mr. Sullivan, pursuant to which the Company agreed to pay Mr. Sullivan (i) a base salary of \$270,000 per annum, subject to a 10% increase annually; (ii) an annual bonus in an amount equal to a minimum of \$75,000; (iii) a total of 120,000 shares of common stock of the Company; and (iv) options to purchase a total of 280,000 shares of common stock of the Company."

Third Fiscal Quarter Results of Operation

This Prospectus Supplement No. 1 incorporates into the Prospectus the information contained in the attached Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended September 30, 2019, which was filed with the SEC on November 12, 2019.

* * * * *

This Prospectus Supplement No. 1 is not complete without, and may not be delivered or used except in connection with, our Prospectus, including all amendments and supplements thereto.

We are an "emerging growth company" under the federal securities laws and will be subject to reduced public company reporting requirements. Investing in our common stock is highly speculative and involves a significant degree of risk. See "Risk Factors" beginning on page 3 of the original Prospectus for a discussion of information that should be considered before making a decision to purchase our common stock.

Neither the SEC nor any state securities commission has approved or disapproved of the Company's securities or determined if this Prospectus is truthful or complete. Any representation to the contrary is a criminal offense.

The date of this Prospectus Supplement No. 1 is November 20, 2019.

U.S. SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
WASHINGTON, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-Q

Quarterly Report Under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934

For Quarter Ended: **September 30, 2019**

Commission File Number: **333-207889**

GROWGENERATION CORPORATION

(Exact name of small business issuer as specified in its charter)

Colorado

(State of other jurisdiction
of incorporation)

46-5008129

(IRS Employer
ID No.)

**1000 West Mississippi Avenue
Denver, CO 80223**

(Address of principal executive offices)

(800)935-8420

(Issuer's Telephone Number)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days: Yes No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit such files). Yes No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, a smaller reporting company or an emerging growth company. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer," "smaller reporting company" and "emerging growth company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

Large accelerated filer
Non-accelerated filer

Accelerated filer
Smaller reporting company
Emerging growth company

If an emerging growth company, indicate by check mark if the registrant has elected not to use the extended transition period for complying with any new or revised financial accounting standards provided pursuant to Section 13(a) of the Exchange Act.

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes No

Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(b) of the Act: None

As of November 8, 2019, there were 36,707,607 shares of the registrant's common stock issued and outstanding.

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**PART I – FINANCIAL INFORMATION
ITEM 1. FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

**GROWGENERATION CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET**

	September 30, 2019	December 31, 2018
	(Unaudited)	
ASSETS		
Current assets:		
Cash	\$ 15,982,681	\$ 14,639,981
Accounts receivable, net of allowance for doubtful accounts of \$119,237 at September 30, 2019 and \$133,288 at December 31, 2018	2,170,362	862,397
Inventory	19,383,839	8,869,469
Prepaid expenses and other current assets	2,370,439	606,037
Total current assets	39,907,321	24,977,884
Property and equipment, net	3,118,482	1,820,821
Operating leases right-of-use assets, net	7,667,538	-
Intangible assets, net	226,974	114,155
Goodwill	17,102,038	8,752,909
Other assets	394,151	227,205
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 68,416,504	\$ 35,892,974
LIABILITIES & STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY		
Current liabilities:		
Accounts payable	\$ 4,957,782	\$ 1,819,411
Other accrued liabilities	9,829	40,151
Payroll and payroll tax liabilities	991,075	410,345
Customer deposits	927,134	516,038
Sales tax payable	463,315	191,958
Current maturities of operating leases right-of-use assets	1,935,129	-
Current maturities of long-term debt	207,582	436,813
Total current liabilities	9,491,846	3,414,716
Long-term convertible debt, net of debt discount and debt issuance costs	-	2,044,113
Operating leases right-of-use assets, net of current maturities	5,869,512	-
Long-term debt, net of current maturities	264,779	375,626
Total liabilities	15,626,137	5,834,455
Commitments and contingencies		
Stockholders' Equity:		
Common stock; \$.001 par value; 100,000,000 shares authorized; 36,652,105 and 27,948,609 shares issued and outstanding as of September 30, 2019 and December 31, 2018, respectively	36,652	27,949
Additional paid-in capital	59,178,587	38,796,562
Accumulated deficit	(6,424,872)	(8,765,992)
Total stockholders' equity	52,790,367	30,058,519
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY	\$ 68,416,504	\$ 35,892,974

See Notes to the Unaudited Consolidated Financial Statements.

GROWGENERATION CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF OPERATIONS
(Unaudited)

	Three Months Ended		Nine months ended	
	September 30,		September 30,	
	2019	2018	2019	2018
Sales	\$ 21,778,487	\$ 8,406,255	\$ 54,349,092	\$ 19,939,572
Cost of sales	15,276,906	6,249,129	38,340,670	14,863,600
Gross profit	6,501,581	2,157,126	16,008,422	5,075,972
Operating expenses:				
Store operations	2,744,199	1,415,150	7,360,525	3,456,960
General and administrative	803,707	375,002	1,928,020	1,137,910
Share based compensation	553,492	367,098	1,075,735	920,446
Depreciation and amortization	247,715	114,159	538,847	230,070
Salaries and related expenses	1,020,627	460,928	2,449,733	1,187,738
Total operating expenses	5,369,740	2,732,337	13,352,860	6,933,124
Income (loss) from operations	1,131,841	(575,211)	2,655,562	(1,857,152)
Other income (expense):				
Interest expense	(27,067)	4,795	(35,757)	(14,535)
Interest income	60,973	23,584	95,256	53,211
Other income (loss)	(1,838)	(1,214)	(17,635)	8,102
Amortization of debt discount	(114,210)	(236,527)	(356,306)	(858,624)
Total non-operating expense, net	(82,142)	(209,362)	(314,442)	(811,846)
Net income (loss)	\$ 1,049,699	\$ (784,573)	2,341,120	\$ (2,668,998)
Net income (loss) per shares, basic	\$.03	\$ (.03)	\$.07	\$ (.12)
Net income (loss) per shares, diluted	\$.03	\$ (.03)	\$.06	\$ (.12)
Weighted average shares outstanding, basic	35,707,788	25,646,011	31,523,679	22,056,665
Weighted average shares outstanding, diluted	41,713,369	25,646,011	37,529,260	22,056,665

See Notes to the Unaudited Consolidated Financial Statements.

GROWGENERATION CORP. AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY
(Unaudited)

	<u>Common Stock</u>		<u>Additional Paid-In Capital</u>	<u>Accumulated (Deficit)</u>	<u>Total Stockholders' Equity</u>
	<u>Shares</u>	<u>Amount</u>			
Balances, December 31, 2018	27,948,609	\$ 27,949	38,796,562	\$ (8,765,992)	\$ 30,058,519
Sale of Common stock and warrants, net of fees	4,123,254	4,123	12,872,416		12,876,539
Share based compensation			256,551		256,551
Common stock issued upon warrant exercise	1,722,463	1,722	1,262,406		1,264,128
Common stock issued upon cashless exercise of options	505,868	506	(506)		-
Common stock issued in connection with business combinations	894,553	894	3,338,737		3,339,631
Common stock issued upon conversion of convertible debt	1,258,608	1,259	2,309,573		2,310,832
Common stock issued for services	98,750	99	132,748		132,847
Common stock issued for accrued share-based compensation	100,000	100	210,100		210,200
Net income				2,341,120	2,341,120
Balances, September 30, 2019	<u>36,652,105</u>	<u>\$ 36,652</u>	<u>59,178,587</u>	<u>\$ (6,424,872)</u>	<u>\$ 52,790,367</u>

See Notes to the Unaudited Consolidated Financial Statements.

GROWGENERATION CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS
(Unaudited)

	For the Nine months ended	
	September 30,	
	2019	2018
Cash flows from operating activities:		
Net income (loss)	\$ 2,341,120	\$ (2,668,998)
Adjustments to reconcile net loss to net cash used in operating activities:		
Depreciation and amortization	538,847	230,069
Amortization of debt discount	356,306	858,624
Stock-based compensation expense	1,075,735	920,446
Noncash operating lease expense	137,103	-
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:		
(Increase) decrease in:		
Accounts receivable	(1,307,965)	(355,674)
Inventory	(7,331,270)	(1,246,125)
Prepaid expenses and other assets	(2,208,060)	(69,631)
Increase (decrease) in:		
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	3,108,049	242,806
Payroll and payroll tax liabilities	327,818	39,231
Customer deposits	411,096	58,498
Sales tax payable	271,357	116,812
Net cash used in operating activities	<u>(2,279,864)</u>	<u>(1,873,942)</u>
Cash flows from investing activities:		
Assets acquired in business combinations	(8,528,698)	(5,762,763)
Purchase of furniture and equipment	(1,536,508)	(454,999)
Purchase of intangibles	(112,819)	(33,500)
Net cash used in investing activities	<u>(10,178,025)</u>	<u>(6,251,262)</u>
Cash flows from financing activities:		
Principal payments on long term debt	(340,078)	(218,740)
Proceeds from issuance of convertible debt, net of expenses	-	8,912,765
Proceeds from the sale of common stock and exercise of warrants, net of expenses	14,140,667	12,546,672
Net cash provided by financing activities	<u>13,800,589</u>	<u>21,240,697</u>
Net increase in cash	1,342,700	13,115,493
Cash at the beginning of period	14,639,981	1,215,265
Cash at the end of period	<u>\$ 15,982,681</u>	<u>\$ 14,330,758</u>
Supplemental disclosures of non-cash financing activities:		
Cash paid for interest	\$ 35,757	14,535
Common stock issued for accrued payroll	\$ -	108,420
Common stock issued for prepaid services	\$ 96,000	-
Debt converted to equity	\$ 2,310,832	3,195,484
Warrants issued for debt discount	\$ -	4,239,000
Acquisition of vehicles with debt financing	\$ -	56,174
Assets acquired by issuance of common stock	\$ 3,339,631	5,222,799
Acquisition of assets with seller financing	\$ -	1,087,000
Right to use assets acquired under operating leases	\$ 5,801,725	-

See Notes to the Unaudited Consolidated Financial Statements.

GrowGeneration Corporation and Subsidiaries
Notes to the Unaudited Consolidated Financial Statements
September 30, 2019

1. NATURE OF OPERATIONS

GrowGeneration Corp (the "Company") was incorporated on March 6, 2014 in Colorado under the name of EasyLife Corp and changed its name to GrowGeneration Corp. It maintains its principal office in Denver, Colorado.

GrowGeneration is the largest chain of hydroponic garden centers in North America and is a leading marketer and distributor of nutrients, growing media, advanced indoor and greenhouse lighting, ventilation systems and accessories for hydroponic gardening. Today, the Company owns and operates a chain of twenty three (23) retail hydroponic/gardening stores, with five (5) located in the state of Colorado, five (5) in the state of California, four (4) in the state of Michigan, two (2) in the state of Nevada, one (1) in the state of Washington, two (2) in the State of Oklahoma, one (1) in the state of Rhode Island, three (3) in Maine, and an online e-commerce store, HeavyGardens. In addition, two new locations one in Tulsa, OK and one in Oklahoma City, OK are expected to open in the fourth quarter of 2019. Our plan is to acquire, open and operate hydroponic/gardening stores and related businesses throughout the United States and Canada.

The Company engages in its business through its wholly owned subsidiaries, GrowGeneration Pueblo Corp, GrowGeneration California Corp, Grow Generation Nevada Corp, GrowGeneration Washington Corp, GrowGeneration Rhode Island Corp, GrowGeneration Oklahoma Corp, GrowGeneration Canada, GrowGeneration HG Corp, GrowGeneration Hemp Corp, GGen Distribution Corp, GrowGeneration Michigan Corp, GrowGeneration New England Corp and GrowGeneration Management Corp.

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Principles of Consolidation

The financial statements are prepared under the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") Accounting Standards Codification ("ASC") Topic 105-10, *Generally Accepted Accounting Principles*, in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the U.S. ("GAAP").

The consolidated financial statements include the accounts of the Company and its wholly-owned subsidiaries. All significant intercompany balances and transactions are eliminated in consolidation.

Basis of Presentation - Unaudited Interim Financial Information

The accompanying interim condensed consolidated financial statements are unaudited. In the opinion of management, the accompanying unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements contain all of the normal recurring adjustments necessary to present fairly the financial position and results of operations as of and for the periods presented. The interim results are not necessarily indicative of the results to be expected for the full year or any future period.

Certain information and footnote disclosures normally included in the consolidated financial statements prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States have been condensed or omitted pursuant to the rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC"). The Company believes that the disclosures are adequate to make the interim information presented not misleading. These consolidated financial statements should be read in conjunction with the Company's audited consolidated financial statements and the notes thereto included in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K filed on April 1, 2019 for the years ended December 31, 2018 and 2017.

GrowGeneration Corporation and Subsidiaries
Notes to the Unaudited Consolidated Financial Statements
September 30, 2019

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, continued

Leases

We assess whether an arrangement is a lease at inception. Leases with an initial term of 12 months or less are not recorded on the balance sheet. We have elected the practical expedient to not separate lease and non-lease components for all assets. Operating lease assets and operating lease liabilities are calculated based on the present value of the future minimum lease payments over the lease term at the lease start date. As most of our leases do not provide an implicit rate, we use our incremental borrowing rate based on the information available at the lease start date in determining the present value of future payments. The operating lease asset is increased by any lease payments made at or before the lease start date and reduced by lease incentives and initial direct costs incurred. The lease term includes options to renew or terminate the lease when it is reasonably certain that we will exercise that option. The exercise of lease renewal options is at our sole discretion. The depreciable life of lease assets and leasehold improvements are limited by the lease term. Lease expense for operating leases is recognized on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

Segment Reporting

Management makes significant operating decisions based upon the analysis of the entire Company and financial performance is evaluated on a company-wide basis. Accordingly, the various products sold are aggregated into one reportable operating segment as under guidance in the FASB ASC Topic 280 for segment reporting.

Use of Estimates

Management uses estimates and assumptions in preparing these financial statements in accordance with GAAP. These estimates and assumptions affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and the reported revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could vary from the estimates that were used.

Income Taxes

The Company accounts for income taxes in accordance with FASB ACS 740, Income Taxes, which requires the recognition of deferred income taxes for differences between the basis of assets and liabilities for financial statement and income tax purposes. The differences related principally to depreciation of property and equipment, reserve for obsolete inventory and bad debt. Deferred tax assets and liabilities represent the future tax consequence for those differences, which will either be deductible or taxable when the assets and liabilities are recovered or settled. Deferred taxes are also recognized for operating losses that are available to offset future taxable income. Valuation allowances are established to reduce deferred tax assets to the amount expected to be realized.

The Company adopted the provisions of FASB ACS 740-10-25, which prescribes a recognition threshold and measurement attribute for the recognition and measurement of tax positions taken or expected to be taken in income tax returns. FASB ASC 740-10-25 also provides guidance on recognition of income tax assets and liabilities, classification of current and deferred income tax assets and liabilities, and accounting for interest and penalties associated with tax positions. The Company's tax returns are subject to tax examinations by U.S. federal and state authorities until respective statute of limitation. Currently, the 2018, 2017 and 2016 tax years are open and subject to examination by taxing authorities. However, the Company is not currently under audit nor has the Company been contacted by any of the taxing authorities. The Company does not have any accrual for uncertain tax positions as of September 30, 2019. It is not anticipated that unrecognized tax benefits would significantly increase or decrease within 12 months of the reporting date.

GrowGeneration Corporation and Subsidiaries
Notes to the Unaudited Consolidated Financial Statements
September 30, 2019

3. RECENT ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENTS

Recently Adopted Accounting Pronouncements

During the first quarter of 2019, the Company adopted the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) Accounting Standards Update (ASU) 2016-02, *Leases* (ASC 842), which introduces the balance sheet recognition of lease assets and lease liabilities by lessees for those leases classified as operating leases under previous guidance. The Company has adopted the new lease standard using the new transition option issued under the amendments in ASU 2018-11, *Leases*, which allowed the Company to continue to apply the legacy guidance in Accounting Standards Codification (ASC) 840, *Leases*, in the comparative periods presented in the year of adoption. The Company elected the package of practical expedients permitted under the transition guidance within the new standard, which among other things, allowed the Company to carry forward the historical lease classification. The Company made an accounting policy election to keep leases with an initial term of 12 months or less off the balance sheet. The Company will recognize those lease payments on a straight-line basis over the lease term. The impact of the adoption was an increase to the Company's operating lease assets and liabilities on January 1, 2019 of \$3.2 million.

On January 1, 2019, the Company also adopted ASU 2018-07, "Improvements to Nonemployee Share-Based Payment Accounting." ASU 2018-07 more closely aligns the accounting for employee and nonemployee share-based payments. The amendment is effective commencing in 2019 with early adoption permitted. The adoption of this new guidance did not have a material impact on our Financial Statements.

In August 2018, the SEC adopted amendments to certain disclosure requirements in Securities Act Release No. 33-10532, Disclosure Update and Simplification. These amendments eliminate, modify, or integrate into other SEC requirements certain disclosure rules. Among the amendments is the requirement to present an analysis of changes in stockholders' equity in the interim financial statements included in Quarterly Reports on Form 10-Q. The analysis, which can be presented as a footnote or separate statement, is required for the current and comparative quarter and year-to-date interim periods. The amendments are effective for all filings made on or after November 5, 2018. The Company adopted these amendments in its Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended September 30, 2019.

In January 2016, the FASB issued ASU 2016-01, *Financial Instruments-Overall: Recognition and Measurement of Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities*, which requires that (i) all equity investments, other than equity-method investments, in unconsolidated entities generally be measured at fair value through earnings and (ii) when the fair value option has been elected for financial liabilities, changes in fair value due to instrument-specific credit risk will be recognized separately in other comprehensive income. Additionally, the ASU 2016-01 changes the disclosure requirements for financial instruments. The new standard was effective for the Company starting in the first quarter of fiscal 2019. The adoption of this standard on January 1, 2019 did not have any effect on the consolidated financial statements and footnote disclosure.

On August 28, 2017, the FASB issued ASU 2017-12, "Derivatives and Hedging," which better aligns risk management activities and financial reporting for hedging relationships through changes to both the designation and measurement guidance for qualifying hedging relationships and the presentation of hedge results. The amendments expand and refine hedge accounting for both nonfinancial and financial risk components and in some situations better align the recognition and presentation of the effects of the hedging instrument and the hedged item in the financial statements. The new standard was effective for the Company as of January 1, 2019. The adoption of this new standard on January 1, 2019 did not have any impact on our consolidated financial statements and footnote disclosures.

GrowGeneration Corporation and Subsidiaries
Notes to the Unaudited Consolidated Financial Statements
September 30, 2019

3. RECENT ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENTS, continued

Recently Issued Accounting Pronouncements – Pending Adoption

In June 2016, the FASB issued ASU 2016-13, *Financial Instruments-Credit Losses: Measurement of Credit Losses on Financial Instruments*, which changes the impairment model for most financial assets and certain other instruments. For trade receivables and other instruments, entities will be required to use a new forward-looking expected loss model that generally will result in the earlier recognition of allowances for losses. For available-for-sale debt securities with unrealized losses, the losses will be recognized as allowances rather than as reductions in the amortized cost of the securities. This guidance is effective for annual reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2019, including interim periods within those years, with early adoption permitted only as of annual reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2018. The Company is currently evaluating the impact of the adoption of this guidance on the Company's consolidated financial statements.

In August 2018, the FASB issued ASU 2018-13, *Fair Value Measurement (Topic 820): Disclosure Framework - Changes to the Disclosure Requirements for Fair Value Measurement*. The new guidance modifies the disclosure requirements on fair value measurements in Topic 820. The amendments in ASU 2018-13 are effective for all entities for fiscal years, and interim periods within those fiscal years, beginning after December 15, 2019. The Company does not anticipate that the adoption of ASU 2018-13 will have a material impact on the Company's consolidated financial statements or related financial statement disclosures.

4. PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT

	September 30, 2019	December 31, 2018
Vehicles	\$ 770,962	\$ 535,857
Leasehold improvements	760,794	441,725
Furniture, fixtures and equipment	<u>2,699,395</u>	<u>1,417,061</u>
	4,231,151	2,394,643
(Accumulated depreciation)	<u>(1,112,669)</u>	<u>(573,822)</u>
Property and Equipment, net	<u>\$ 3,118,482</u>	<u>\$ 1,820,821</u>

Depreciation expense for the three months ended September 30, 2019 and 2018 was \$247,715 and \$102,983, respectively and depreciation expense for the nine months ended September 30, 2019 and 2018 was \$538,847 and \$229,415, respectively.

GrowGeneration Corporation and Subsidiaries
Notes to the Unaudited Consolidated Financial Statements
September 30, 2019

5. LONG-TERM DEBT

	September 30, 2019	December 31, 2018
Long term debt is as follows:		
Hitachi Capital, interest at 8.0% per annum, payable in monthly installments of \$631.13 beginning September 2015 through August 2019, secured by delivery equipment with a book value of \$24,910	\$ -	\$ 3,211
Wells Fargo Equipment Finance, interest at 3.5% per annum, payable in monthly installments of \$518.96 beginning April 2016 through March 2021, secured by warehouse equipment with a book value of \$25,437	8,595	12,976
Notes payable issued in connection with seller financing of assets acquired, interest at 1%, payable in 24 installments of \$24,996, due February 2020	125,000	350,000
Notes payable issued in connection with seller financing of assets acquired, interest at 1%, payable in 12 installments of \$6,003, due September 2019	-	54,000
Notes payable issued in connection with seller financing of assets acquired, interest at 8.125%, payable in 60 installments of \$8,440, due August 2023	338,766	392,252
	\$ 472,361	\$ 812,439
Less Current Maturities	(207,582)	(436,813)
Total Long-Term Debt	\$ 264,779	\$ 375,626

Interest expense for the three months ended September 30, 2019 and 2018 was \$27,067 and \$(4,795), respectively and interest expense for the nine months ended September 30, 2019 and 2018 was \$35,757 and \$14,535, respectively.

GrowGeneration Corporation and Subsidiaries
Notes to the Unaudited Consolidated Financial Statements
September 30, 2019

6. LEASES

We determine if a contract contains a lease at inception. Our material operating leases consist of retail and warehouse locations as well as office space. Our leases generally have remaining terms of 1- 5 years, most of which include options to extend the leases for additional 3 to 5 year periods. Generally, the lease term is the minimum of the noncancelable period of the lease or the lease term inclusive of reasonably certain renewal periods.

Operating lease assets and liabilities are recognized at the lease commencement date. Operating lease liabilities represent the present value of lease payments not yet paid. Operating lease assets represent our right to use an underlying asset and are based upon the operating lease liabilities adjusted for prepayments or accrued lease payments, initial direct costs, lease incentives, and impairment of operating lease assets. To determine the present value of lease payments not yet paid, we estimate incremental secured borrowing rates corresponding to the maturities of the leases. Our leases typically contain rent escalations over the lease term. We recognize expense for these leases on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

We elected this expedient to account for lease and non-lease components as a single component for our entire population of operating lease assets.

We have elected the short-term lease recognition exemption for all applicable classes of underlying assets. Short-term disclosures include only those leases with a term greater than one month and 12 months or less, and expense is recognized on a straight-line basis over the lease term. Leases with an initial term of 12 months or less, that do not include an option to purchase the underlying asset that we are reasonably certain to exercise, are not recorded on the balance sheet.

	September 30, 2019
Right to use assets, operating lease assets	<u>\$ 7,667,538</u>
Current lease liability	\$ 1,935,129
Non-current lease liability	5,869,512
	<u>\$ 7,804,641</u>
	September 30, 2019
Weighted average remaining lease term	3.9 years
Weighted average discount rate	7.6%
Operating lease assets obtained for operating lease liabilities	\$ 3,050,164

GrowGeneration Corporation and Subsidiaries
Notes to the Unaudited Consolidated Financial Statements
September 30, 2019

6. LEASES, continued

Maturities of lease liabilities	
2019	\$ 537,140
2020	2,393,058
2021	2,422,455
2022	1,891,783
2023	1,297,329
2024	512,269
2025	349,573
2026	45,438
Total lease payments	<u>9,449,045</u>
Less: Imputed interest	(1,644,404)
Lease Liability at September 30, 2019	<u>\$ 7,804,641</u>

7. CONVERTIBLE DEBT

On January 12, 2018, the Company completed a private placement of a total of 36 units of the Company's securities at the price of \$250,000 per unit pursuant to Section 4(a) (2) of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended (the "Securities Act") and Rule 506 of Regulation D promulgated under the Securities Act. Each Unit consisted of (i) a .1% unsecured convertible promissory note of the principal amount of \$250,000, and (ii) a 3-year warrant entitling the holder to purchase 37,500 shares of the Company's common stock, par value \$.001 per share (the "Common Stock"), at a price of \$.01 per share or through cashless exercise.

The convertible debt has a maturity date of January 12, 2021 and the principal balance and any accrued interest is convertible by the holder at any time into Common Stock of the Company at conversion price of \$3.00 a share. Principal due and interest accrued on the notes will automatically convert into shares of Common Stock, at the conversion price, if at any time during the term of the notes, commencing twelve (12) months from the date of issuance, the Common Stock trades minimum daily volume of at least 50,000 shares for twenty (20) consecutive days with a volume weighted average price of at least \$4.00 per share. As of September 30, 2019, all convertible debt and accrued interest has been converted to equity and no convertible debt remains outstanding.

In relation to this transaction, the Company recorded a debt discount of \$4,239,000 related to the fair market value of warrants issued as noted above. The debt discount, which was based on an imputed interest rate, is being amortized on a straight-line basis over the life of the convertible debt.

During the nine months ended September 30, 2019 and 2018, convertible debt and accrued interest of approximately \$3.1 million and \$1.4 million, net of unamortized debt discount of \$596,916 and \$586,804, respectively, were converted into 1,258,608 and 475,001 shares of common stock, respectively, at the conversion rate of \$3.00 per share.

During the nine months ended September 30, 2019 and 2018, 405,000 and 813,750 warrants issued in connection with the convertible debt were exercised, resulting in the issuance of 404,490 and 813,540 shares of common stock, respectively.

GrowGeneration Corporation and Subsidiaries
Notes to the Unaudited Consolidated Financial Statements
September 30, 2019

7. CONVERTIBLE DEBT, continued

	September 30, 2019	December 31, 2018
Convertible debt	\$ -	\$ 3,075,000
Remaining unamortized debt discount and debt issue costs	-	(1,030,887)
Convertible debt, net of debt discount and debt issue costs	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 2,044,113</u>

Amortization of debt discount for the three months ended September 30, 2019 and 2018 was \$114,210 and \$236,527, respectively and amortization of debt discount for the nine months ended September 30, 2019 and 2018 was \$356,306 and \$858,624, respectively.

8. SHARE BASED PAYMENTS AND STOCK OPTIONS

The Company accounts for share-based payments through the measurement and recognition of compensation expense for share-based payment awards made to employees and directors of the Company, including stock options and restricted shares.

The following table presents share-based payment expense and new shares issued for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2019 and 2018.

	Three Months Ended September 30,		Nine Months Ended September 30,	
	2019	2018	2019	2018
Total non-cash share-based compensation	\$ 553,492	\$ 367,098	\$ 1,075,735	\$ 920,446

On March 6, 2014, the Company's Board of Directors (the "Board") and majority stockholders approved the 2014 Equity Incentive Plan (the "2014 Plan") pursuant to which the Company may grant incentive and non-statutory options to employees, nonemployee members of the Board, consultants and other independent advisors who provide services to the Company. The maximum shares of Common Stock which may be issued over the term of the 2014 Plan shall not exceed 2,500,000 shares. Awards under the 2014 Plan are made by the Board. Options under the plan are to be issued at the market price of the stock on the day of the grant except to those issued to a ten-percent stockholder which is required to be issued at a price not less than 110% of the fair market value on the day of the grant. Each option is exercisable at such time or times, during such period and for such numbers of shares shall be determined by the plan administrator. No option may be exercisable for more than ten years (five years in the case of an incentive stock option granted to a ten-percent stockholder) from the date of grant. As of the date of this filing, there are a total of 2,113,834 options issued under the 2014 Plan (of which 1,718,334 options have been exercised and 395,500 remain outstanding), 375,000 shares of Common Stock issued, and 11,166 shares of Common Stock available to be issued.

On January 7, 2018, the Board adopted the 2018 Equity Compensation Plan (the "2018 Plan") and on April 20, 2018, the shareholders approved the 2018 Plan. The 2018 Plan is administered by the Board. The maximum number of shares of Common Stock which may be issued over the term of the plan shall not exceed 2,500,000 shares. The Board may grant options to purchase shares of Common Stock, stock appreciation rights, restricted stock units, restricted or unrestricted shares of Common Stock, performance shares, performance units, other cash-based awards and other stock-based awards.

GrowGeneration Corporation and Subsidiaries
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8. SHARE BASED PAYMENTS AND STOCK OPTIONS, continued

The Board may delegate authority to the chief executive officer and/or other executive officers to grant options and other awards to employees (other than themselves), subject to applicable law and the 2018 Plan. No options, stock purchase rights or awards may be made under the 2018 Plan on or after the ten-year anniversary of the adoption of the 2018 Plan by the Board, but the 2018 Plan will continue thereafter while previously granted options, stock appreciation rights or awards remain subject to the 2018 Plan. Options granted under the 2018 Plan may be either “incentive stock options” that are intended to meet the requirements of Section 422 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended (the “Code”) or “nonstatutory stock options” that do not meet the requirements of Section 422 of the Code. The Board will determine the exercise price of options granted under the 2018 Plan. The exercise price of stock options may not be less than the fair market value, on the date of grant, per share of our Common Stock issuable upon exercise of the option (or 110% of fair market value in the case of incentive options granted to a ten-percent stockholder). No option may be exercisable for more than ten years (five years in the case of an incentive stock option granted to a ten-percent stockholder) from the date of grant.

Options outstanding at September 30, 2019 are as follows:

Options	Shares	Weight - Average Exercise Price	Weighted - Average Remaining Contractual Term	Weighted - Average Grant Date Fair Value
Outstanding at December 31, 2018	1,815,500	\$ 1.66	2.65 years	\$.78
Granted	925,000	3.01		\$ 1.98
Exercised	(657,500)	.72		.16
Forfeited or expired	-			
Outstanding at September 30, 2019	<u>2,083,000</u>	<u>\$ 2.56</u>	3.57 years	<u>\$ 1.51</u>
Options vested at September 30, 2019	<u>1,139,666</u>	<u>\$ 2.10</u>	2.95 years	<u>\$ 1.08</u>

9. STOCK PURCHASE WARRANTS

A summary of the status of the Company’s outstanding stock purchase warrants as of September 30, 2019 is as follows:

	Warrants	Weighted - Average Exercise Price
Outstanding at December 31, 2018	\$ 3,279,667	\$ 1.94
Issued	2,061,629	3.50
Exercised	(1,549,965)	.35
Forfeited	-	
Outstanding at September 30, 2019	<u>3,791,331</u>	<u>\$ 3.25</u>

GrowGeneration Corporation and Subsidiaries
Notes to the Unaudited Consolidated Financial Statements
September 30, 2019

10. EARNINGS PER SHARE

Potentially dilutive securities, issued by the Company, were comprised of the following:

	September 30, 2019	September 30, 2018
Stock purchase warrants	3,791,331	3,179,500
Convertible debt warrants	131,250	536,250
Options	2,083,000	1,534,000
Total	6,005,581	5,249,750

The following table sets forth the composition of the weighted average shares (denominator) used in the basic and dilutive earnings per share computation for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2019 and 2018.

	Three Months Ended		Nine months ended	
	September 30, 2019	September 30, 2018	September 30, 2019	September 30, 2018
Net income (loss)	\$ 1,049,699	\$ (784,573)	\$ 2,341,120	\$ (2,668,998)
Weighted average shares outstanding, basic	35,707,788	25,646,011	31,523,679	22,056,665
Effect of dilutive common stock equivalents	6,005,581	-	6,005,581	-
Adjusted weighted average shares outstanding, dilutive	41,713,369	25,646,011	37,529,260	22,056,665
Basic income (loss) per shares	\$.03	\$ (.03)	\$.07	\$ (.12)
Dilutive income (loss) per share	\$.03	\$ (.03)	\$.06	\$ (.12)

GrowGeneration Corporation and Subsidiaries
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12. ACQUISITIONS

The Company accounts for acquisitions in accordance with ASC 805 "Business Combinations." Assets acquired and liabilities assumed are recorded in the accompanying consolidated balance sheets at their estimated fair values, as of the acquisition date. For all acquisitions, the preliminary allocation of the purchase price was based upon a preliminary valuation, and the Company's estimates and assumptions are subject to change within the measurement period as valuations are finalized. The Company has not made any adjustments to the preliminary valuations. The table below represents the allocation of the preliminary purchase price to the acquired net assets during the nine months ended September 30, 2019.

	Grand Rapids Hydro	Green Life Garden	Chlorophyll	Reno Hydroponics	Palm Springs Hydroponics	Total
Inventory	\$ 1,453,100	\$ 1,038,600	\$ 1,441,000	\$ 238,000	\$ 465,500	\$ 4,636,200
Prepays and other current assets		14,100	22,000	-		36,100
Furniture and equipment	50,000	100,000	100,000	25,000	25,000	300,000
Goodwill	2,376,900	2,305,900	2,596,100	516,300	554,000	8,349,200
Total	\$ 3,880,000	\$ 3,458,600	\$ 4,159,100	\$ 779,300	\$ 1,044,500	\$ 13,321,500

The table below represents the consideration paid for the net assets acquired in business combinations.

	Grand Rapids Hydro	Green Life Garden	Chlorophyll	Reno Hydroponics	Palm Springs Hydroponics	Total
Cash	\$ 2,350,000	\$ 2,647,700	\$ 3,659,100	\$ 525,000	\$ 800,000	\$ 9,981,800
Common stock	1,530,000	810,900	500,000	254,300	244,500	3,339,700
Total	\$ 3,880,000	\$ 3,458,600	\$ 4,159,100	\$ 779,300	\$ 1,044,500	\$ 13,321,500

The following table discloses the date of the acquisitions noted above and the revenue and earnings included in the consolidated income statement from the date of acquisition to the period ended September 30, 2019.

	Grand Rapids Hydro	Green Life Garden	Chlorophyll	Reno Hydroponics	Palm Springs Hydroponics	Total
Acquisition date	9/3/2019	5/14/2019	1/21/2019	2/11/2019	2/7/2019	
Revenue	\$ 612,900	\$ 3,006,100	\$ 4,489,000	\$ 1,427,600	\$ 2,318,500	\$ 11,854,100
Earnings	\$ 121,400	\$ 703,100	\$ 668,900	\$ 233,600	\$ 497,500	\$ 2,224,500

The following represents the pro forma consolidated income statement as if the acquisitions had been included in the consolidated results of the Company for the entire period for the nine months ended September 30, 2018.

Pro forma consolidated income statement

	September 30, 2018
Revenue	\$ 5,552,000
Earnings	\$ 504,400

13. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

The Company has evaluated events and transaction occurring subsequent to September 30, 2019 up to the date of this filing of these consolidated financial statements. These statements contain all necessary adjustments and disclosures resulting from that evaluation.

ITEM 2. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

The following discussion should be read in conjunction with our consolidated financial statements and related notes that appear elsewhere in this report as well as our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2018 filed with the SEC on April 1, 2019. In connection with, and because we desire to take advantage of, the "safe harbor" provisions of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995, we caution readers regarding certain forward looking statements in the following discussion and elsewhere in this report and in any other statement made by, or on our behalf, whether or not in future filings with the SEC. Forward looking statements are statements not based on historical information and which relate to future operations, strategies, financial results or other developments. Forward looking statements, particularly those identified with the words, "anticipates," "believes," "expects," "plans," "intends," "objectives," and similar expressions, are necessarily based upon estimates and assumptions that are inherently subject to significant business, economic and competitive uncertainties and contingencies, many of which are beyond our control and many of which, with respect to future business decisions, are subject to change. These uncertainties and contingencies can affect actual results and could cause actual results to differ materially from those expressed in any forward-looking statements made by, or on our behalf. We disclaim any obligation to update forward looking statements, except as required by law.

OVERVIEW

GrowGeneration is the largest chain of hydroponic garden centers in North America and is a leading marketer and distributor of nutrients, growing media, advanced indoor and greenhouse lighting, ventilation systems and accessories for hydroponic gardening.

Today, GrowGeneration owns and operates a chain of twenty three (23) retail hydroponic/gardening stores, with five (5) located in the state of Colorado, five (5) in the state of California, four (4) in the state of Michigan, two (2) in the state of Nevada, one (1) in the state of Washington, two (2) in the State of Oklahoma, one (1) in the state of Rhode Island, three (3) in the state of Maine, and an online e-commerce store, HeavyGardens. In addition, two new locations one in Tulsa, OK and one in Oklahoma City, OK are expected to open in the fourth quarter of 2019. The Company also operates a distribution warehouse in Sacramento, CA. Our plan is to open and operate hydroponic/gardening stores and related businesses throughout the United States and Canada.

Today, our 23 facilities operate in 8 states, each state considered an operating region. During the nine months ended September 30, 2019 we completed the acquisition of six additional stores that are projected to provide an additional \$27 million in revenues annually and opened two stores, one in Tulsa, OK and one in Brewer, ME. Two new stores, one in Tulsa, OK and one in Oklahoma City, OK are expected to commence operations in the fourth quarter of 2019. In 2018, we acquired approximately \$25 million in revenue from six acquisitions. We continue to achieve our yearly revenue growth goals of 100% year over year growth. Our operations span over 300,000 sq. ft of retail and warehouse space. We employ today approximately 120 agronomist and horticulturist that we have branded "Grow Pros".

In addition to our store operations, GrowGeneration also operates 5 divisions through:

- GrowGeneration Management Corp, a wholly owned subsidiary, sells directly into the commercial markets. Revenue is generated, by our dedicated commercial sales team, from new capital projects from multi-state operators. Our commercial division has grown significantly, with revenue attributed to commercial sales well over \$4 million in the third quarter of 2019. As we run commercial sales, through the closest store location, our commercial sales are having a positive impact on our same store sales. Commercial customers set up accounts through our online portal and can order directly online and receive their commercial pricing.
- GrowGeneration Canada, a wholly owned subsidiary, was formed to mirror our US operations and strategies to acquire hydro operations in Canada.
- GrowGeneration Hemp, a wholly owned subsidiary, is developing a supply chain to outfit hemp farms, currently over 200,000 acres in the US, with equipment and supplies. As more of these hemp farms become operational and the demand for CBD Isolate and Biomass increases, the increase in hemp farming is expected to be a high growth channel for the Company.
- GGen Distribution Corp, a wholly owned subsidiary, is sourcing and developing new and innovative agricultural products, private label and exclusive products to drive margins and introduce the commercial growers to the latest new technologies to increase yields and the quality of their plants.
- HeavyGardens.com, our newly purchased e-commerce super-store, generates approximately \$600,000 a month in sales and has over 60,000 visitors. The Company is implementing an omni-channel approach of ordering online and picking up at one of our store locations. We have allocated capital marketing dollars to a digital marketing campaign to further grow our online brand presence.

Our stores sell thousands of products, that include nutrients, growing media, advanced indoor and greenhouse lighting, ventilation systems and accessories for hydroponic gardening and other products needed to grow indoors and outdoors. Our strategy is to target two distinct groups of customers, namely commercial growers and smaller growers that require a local store to fulfill their daily and weekly growing needs. Our supply chain includes over 10,000 sku's across 12 product departments. We can deliver directly to the grower's facility, and they can pick up the products at one of our stores or order online.

GrowGeneration serves a new, yet sophisticated community of commercial and urban cultivators growing specialty crops including organics, greens and plant-based medicines. Unlike the traditional agricultural industry, these cultivators use innovative indoor and outdoor growing techniques to produce specialty crops in highly controlled environments. This enables them to produce crops at higher yields without having to compromise quality, regardless of the season or weather and drought conditions.

Our target market segments include the commercial growers in the plant-based medicine market, the home grower and businesses and individuals who grow organically grown herbs and leafy green vegetables. The landscape for hydroponic retail stores is very fragmented, with smaller single stores which we consider very ripe for our roll up strategy. Further, the products we sell are in demand due to the ever-increasing legalization and the number of licensed cultivation facilities in both the US and Canada. Total sales for the hydroponic equipment industry were well over \$4 billion in 2018.

Sales at our stores have grown since we commenced our business in May 2014, when we acquired the assets of Southern Colorado Garden Supply Corp. (d/b/a Pueblo Hydroponics), which owned and operated four retail stores. Our growth has been fueled by the purchase of additional retail stores, frequent and higher dollar transactions from commercial growers, individual home growers and gardeners who grow their own organic foods. We expect to continue to experience significant growth over the next few years, primarily from existing and new stores that we open or acquire. Our growth is likely to come from four distinct channels: establishing new stores in high-value markets, internal growth at existing stores, acquiring existing stores with strong customer bases and strong operating histories and the creation of a business to business e-commerce portal at www.GrowGeneration.com.

The Company continues its rollout of its new enterprise resources planning ("ERP") solution, which it started in the fourth quarter of 2018, adding our Northern California, Michigan, Maine, Oklahoma and Rhode Island stores to our ERP system in 2019. The ERP system is designed to improve departmental productivity and effectiveness. The ERP system also provides reporting tools to better evaluate inventory levels and inventory purchasing needs.

RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

Comparison of the three months ended September 30, 2019 and 2018

The following table presents certain consolidated statement of operations information and presentation of that data as a dollar and percentage change from year-to-year.

	Three Months Ended September 30, 2019	Three Months Ended September 30, 2018	\$ Variance	% Variance
Net revenue	\$ 21,778,487	\$ 8,406,255	\$ 13,372,232	159%
Cost of goods sold	15,276,906	6,249,129	9,027,777	144%
Gross profit	6,501,581	2,157,126	4,344,455	201%
Operating expenses	5,369,740	2,732,337	2,637,403	96%
Operating income (loss)	1,131,841	(575,211)	1,707,052	
Other income (expense)	(82,142)	(209,362)	127,220	(61)%
Net income (loss)	\$ 1,049,699	\$ (784,573)	\$ 1,834,272	

Net revenue for the three months ended September 30, 2019 increased approximately \$13.4 million, or 159%, to approximately \$21.8 million, compared to approximately \$8.4 million for the three months ended September 30, 2018. The increase in revenues in 2019 was primarily due to 1) the addition of 10 new stores opened or acquired after October 1, 2018 which had sales of \$3.9 million in the third quarter of 2019, 2) the acquisition of a new store in mid-July 2018 that had sales of \$2.3 million in the third quarter of 2019 compared to sales of \$1.6 million in the third quarter of 2018 and 3) the new e-commerce site acquired in mid-September 2018 which had revenues of \$1.4 million in the third quarter of 2019 compared to \$122,000 in the third quarter of 2018. The Company also had an increase in same store sales comparing the third quarter of 2018 to the third quarter of 2019 of \$2.7 million as detailed in a chart below. The chart directly below shows sales by market for the three months ended September 30, 2019 and 2018. The Company also consolidated some stores in 2019 and 2018, primarily in Colorado and California that had revenues of \$480 for the three months ended September 30, 2019 and approximately \$1.1 for the three months ended September 30, 2018.

The Company currently continues to focus on eight (8) markets and the new e-commerce site noted below and the growth opportunities that exist in each market. We continue to focus on new store acquisitions, proprietary products and the continued development of our online and Amazon sales.

	Sales by Market			
	Three Months Ended September 30, 2019	Three Months Ended September 30, 2018	\$ Variance	% Variance
Colorado	\$ 4,155,797	\$ 1,617,685	\$ 2,538,412	157%
California	4,467,368	2,682,616	1,784,752	67%
Rhode Island	2,177,808	1,114,306	1,063,502	95%
Michigan	2,259,115	1,101,356	1,157,759	105%
Nevada	1,159,576	491,294	668,282	136%
Washington	310,699	219,434	91,265	42%
Oklahoma	3,361,443	-	3,361,443	-
Maine	2,446,501	-	2,446,501	-
E-commerce	1,381,677	121,537	1,260,140	1003%
Closed/consolidated locations	58,503	1,058,327	(999,824)	(95)%
Total revenues	\$ 21,778,487	\$ 8,406,255	\$ 13,372,232	159%

Sales of the Company's products in the Colorado market increased approximately \$2.5 million or 157% comparing the quarter ended September 30, 2019 to September 30, 2018. The increase in sales in the Colorado market is due to 1) the Company's continued focus on increasing commercial sales and 2) the acquisition of a new store in mid-January 2019. Same store sales in Colorado increased approximately \$818,000 and the new store acquired in mid-January 2019 had sales of \$1.7 million. Sales in the California market have seen growth of approximately \$1.8 million, or 67%, from the addition of five (5) new stores through acquisitions. The California market experienced slower growth in 2018 as a result of a change in the regulatory environment and the implementation of new rules and regulations which had previously slowed the issuance of new licenses to growers. The Company positioned itself to take advantage of new licenses issued to growers in 2019 and the increase in sales is reflective in that positioning.

Sales in the Rhode Island market increased approximately \$1.1 million or 95% primarily from its increased focus on commercial and multi-state commercial customers.

Sales in the Michigan market increased approximately \$1.2 million or 105% due to 1) an acquisition in September 2019 that contributed \$646,000 in revenue and 2) the increase in commerce customer accounts.

Sales in the Nevada market increased 136% primarily due to the acquisition of our Reno store in February 2019, but a 25% increase in same store sales in the Las Vegas store.

Sales in the Washington market increased 42% comparing the quarter ended September 30, 2019 to the quarter ended September 30, 2018.

Stores in the Oklahoma market opened on October 1, 2018 and February 1, 2019, respectively and represents a new geographic market for the Company. Sales in this new market have been very strong.

Sales in Maine are derived from a new store we opened March 1, 2019 and two stores we acquired in May 2019.

The Company operated the same 13 stores opened for the entire three months ended September 30, 2019 and 2018: four (4) in Colorado, three (3) in California, three (3) in Michigan, one (1) in Nevada, one (1) in Rhode Island and one (1) in Washington. These same stores generated approximately \$8.4 million in sales for the three months ended September 30, 2019, compared to approximately \$5.6 million in sales for the three months ended September 30, 2018, an increase of 48%, primarily due to an increase in the number of commercial customers in those markets. Same store sales increased in all of the markets as noted below comparing September 30, 2019 to September 30, 2018.

	13 Same Stores All Markets			
	Three Months Ended September 30, 2019	Three Months Ended September 30, 2018	Variance	% Variance
Colorado market	\$ 2,435,688	\$ 1,617,385	818,303	51%
Rhode Island	2,177,808	1,114,306	1,063,502	95%
Michigan	1,612,876	1,101,356	511,520	46%
California market	1,203,343	1,087,692	115,651	11%
Washington market	310,699	219,434	91,265	42%
Nevada market	612,598	491,294	121,304	25%
Net revenue, all markets	<u>\$ 8,353,012</u>	<u>\$ 5,631,467</u>	<u>\$ 2,721,545</u>	48%

Cost of Goods Sold

Cost of goods sold for the three months ended September 30, 2019 increased approximately \$9 million, or 144%, to approximately \$15.3 million, as compared to approximately \$6.2 million for the three months ended September 30, 2018. The increase in cost of goods sold was primarily due to the 159% increase in sales comparing the three months ended September 30, 2019 to the three months ended September 30, 2018. The increase in cost of goods sold is directly attributable to the increase in the number of stores as discussed above.

Gross profit was approximately \$6.5 million for the three months ended September 30, 2019, compared to approximately \$2.2 million for the three months ended September 30, 2018, an increase of approximately \$4.3 million or 201%. Gross profit as a percentage of sales was 29.9% for the three months ended September 30, 2019, compared to 25.7% for the three months ended September 30, 2018. The increase in the gross profit margin percentage is due to (1) reduced pricing from vendors as a result of our increased purchasing from those vendors, (2) the sale of product acquired in a large bulk purchase in the first quarter of 2019 at a substantial discount.

Operating Expenses

Operating expenses are comprised of store operations, primarily payroll, rent and utilities, and corporate overhead. Store operating costs were approximately \$2.7 million for the three months ended September 30, 2019 and approximately \$1.4 million for the three months ended September 30, 2018, an increase of approximately \$1.3 million or 94%. The increase in store operating costs was directly attributable to the addition of eight (8) new locations that were acquired in 2019, two locations acquired in June and July 2018 for which there were only partial sales in 2018, and two new stores opened in new markets in 2019 that were not open for any portion of the three months ended September 30, 2018. In addition to the new stores opened or acquired in 2019, as discussed above, we acquired 8 stores at various times in 2018, opened a new store in October 2018, and acquired our new e-commerce site in mid-September 2018. Effective April 1, 2019 we opened two warehouse facilities. The addition of these new stores, discussed above, and the two new warehouse facilities were the primary reasons for the increase in store operating costs. Store operating costs as a percentage of sales were 12.6% for the three months ended September 30, 2019, compared to 16.8% for the three months ended September 30, 2018. Store operating costs were positively impacted by the acquisitions of new stores in 2018 and 2019 which have lower percentage of operating costs to revenues due to their larger size and higher volume. In addition, same store sales increased 48% comparing the quarter ended September 30, 2019 to the quarter ended September 30, 2018. The net impact, as noted above, was lower store operating costs as a percentage of revenues.

Corporate overhead, comprised of general and administrative costs, share based compensation, depreciation and amortization and corporate salaries, was approximately \$2.6 million for the three months ended September 30, 2019, compared to approximately \$1.3 million for the three months ended September 30, 2018. Corporate overhead was 12% of revenue for the three months ended September 30, 2019 and 16% for the three months ended September 30, 2018. The increase in salaries expense from 2018 to 2019 was due primarily to the increase in corporate staff to support expanding operations, including purchased store integrations, accounting and finance, information systems, purchasing and commercial sales staff. It should be noted that when we consummate a new acquisition, purchasing and back office accounting functions are stripped from the new acquisitions and those functions are absorbed into our existing centralized purchasing and accounting and finance departments, thus delivering cost savings. Corporate salaries and related payroll costs as a percentage of sales were 4.7% for the three months ended September 30, 2019 compared to 5.5% for the three months ended September 30, 2018. General and administrative expenses comprised mainly of advertising and promotions, travel & entertainment, professional fees and insurance, were approximately \$804,000 for the three months ended September 30, 2019 and approximately \$375,000 for the three months ended September 30, 2018, with a majority of the increase related to advertising and promotion, travel and entertainment and legal fees. General and administrative costs as a percentage of revenue were 3.7% for the three months ended September 30, 2019, and 4.5% for the three months ended September 30, 2018. As noted earlier, corporate overhead, which includes non-cash expenses consisting primarily of depreciation and share based compensation, was approximately \$801,000 for the three months ended September 30, 2019, compared to approximately \$481,000 for the three months ended September 30, 2018.

Net Income (Loss)

Net income for the three months ended September 30, 2019 was \$1,049,699, compared to a net loss of \$(784,573) for the three months ended September 30, 2018, a positive change of nearly \$1.8 million. The increase in net income for the quarter ended September 30, 2019 was primarily due to 1) a 159% increase in sales with only a 144% increase in cost of sales, 2) a reduction of store operating costs as a percentage of revenue from 16.8 % in 2018 to 12.6% in 2019, and 3) a reduction of overhead as a percentage of revenue from 16% in 2018 to 12% in 2019.

Comparison of the Nine months ended September 30, 2019 and 2018

The following table presents certain consolidated statement of operations information and presentation of that data as a dollar and percentage change from year-to-year.

	Nine months ended September 30, 2019	Nine months ended September 30, 2018	\$ Variance	% Variance
Net revenue	\$ 54,349,092	\$ 19,939,572	\$ 34,409,520	173%
Cost of goods sold	38,340,670	14,863,600	23,477,070	158%
Gross profit	16,008,422	5,075,972	10,932,450	215%
Operating expenses	13,352,860	6,933,124	6,419,736	93%
Operating income (loss)	2,655,562	(1,857,152)	4,512,714	
Other income (expense)	(314,442)	(811,846)	497,404	61%
Net income (loss)	\$ 2,341,120	\$ (2,668,998)	\$ 5,010,118	

Revenue

Net revenue for the nine months ended September 30, 2019 increased approximately \$34.4 million, or 173%, to approximately \$54.4 million, compared to approximately \$20 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2018. The increase in revenues in 2019 was primarily due to the addition of 10 new stores opened or acquired after September 30, 2018 for which there were no revenues for the nine months ended September 30, 2018 compared to revenues of \$20.4 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2019. In addition, there were 8 stores acquired at various times during the nine months ended September 30, 2018 and the new e-commerce site acquired in mid-September 2018 that contributed \$23.7 million in revenue for the nine months ended September 30, 2019 compared to revenue of \$9.6 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2018. The 18 new stores and the new e-commerce web site contributed \$44.1 million in revenue for the nine months ended September 30, 2019 compared to \$9.6 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2018. Additionally, same store sales for the 6 locations open the entire nine months ended September 30, 2019 and 2018 increased \$2.5 million or 37%. The chart below shows sales by market for the nine months ended September 30, 2019 and 2018. The Company also consolidated some stores in 2019 and 2018, primarily in Colorado, California and New Hampshire, that had revenues of approximately \$923,000 for the nine months ended September 30, 2019 and approximately \$3.4 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2018.

The Company currently continues to focus on eight (8) markets and the new e-commerce site noted below and the growth opportunities that exist in each market. We continue to focus on new store acquisitions, new commercial customers, proprietary products and the continued development of our online and Amazon sales.

	Sales by Market			
	Nine months ended September 30, 2019	Nine months ended September 30, 2018	Variance	% Variance
Colorado	\$ 11,392,368	\$ 4,888,915	\$ 6,503,453	133%
California	12,389,218	4,114,175	8,275,043	201%
Rhode Island	5,735,736	3,450,640	2,285,096	66%
Michigan	5,414,648	1,926,371	3,488,277	181%
Nevada	2,979,641	1,287,101	1,692,540	132%
Washington	988,239	718,149	270,090	38%
Oklahoma	7,420,962	-	7,420,962	-
Maine	4,010,104	-	4,010,104	-
E-commerce	3,099,310	121,537	2,977,773	2450%
Closed/consolidated locations	918,866	3,432,684	(2,513,818)	(73)%
Total revenues	\$ 54,349,092	\$ 19,939,572	\$ 34,409,520	173%

Sales in the Colorado market increased \$6.5 million or 133% comparing the nine months ended September 30, 2019 to the nine months ended September 30, 2018, which was primarily due to the Company's continued focus on increasing commercial sales and the acquisition of a new store in mid-January 2019. Same store sales in Colorado increased \$2 million or \$41% and the acquisition had sales of \$4.5 million. Sales in the California market have seen growth of approximately \$8.3 million, or 201%, from the addition of five (5) new stores through acquisitions. The California market experienced slower growth in 2018 as a result of a change in the regulatory environment and the implementation of new rules and regulations which had previously slowed the issuance of new licenses to growers. The Company positioned itself to take advantage of new licenses issued to growers in 2019 and the increase in sales is reflective in that positioning.

Sales in the Rhode Island and Michigan markets are the result of these new acquisitions in 2018. The Rhode Island acquisition occurred in late January 2018 and the Michigan store acquisitions occurred in April 2018 and May 2019, so the quarter ended September 30, 2019 reflects sales in these new stores for an entire quarter. Sales in the Rhode Island market increased 66% for the nine months ended September 30, 2019 compared to the nine months ended September 30, 2018. Sales in the Michigan market increased 181% for the nine months ended September 30, 2019 compared to the nine months ended September 30, 2018. The Company is pursuing new store acquisitions in both of these markets and believes that these markets will be growth markets in 2020.

Sales in the Nevada market increased 132% as we continue to focus on commercial sales as well as the acquisition of Reno in February 2019.

Sales in the Washington market increased 38%.

New stores in the Oklahoma market opened on October 1, 2018 and February 1, 2019, respectively, which is a new market for the Company and coincides with the legalization of plant-based medicine in the state. Sales in this new market have been very strong producing revenues of \$7.4 million.

Maine is also a new market for the Company we opened a new store in Maine on March 1, 2019.

The Company had the same 6 stores opened for the entire nine months ended September 30, 2019 and 2018: four (4) in Colorado, one (1) in Nevada, and one (1) in Washington. These same stores generated \$9.4 million in sales for the nine months ended September 30, 2019, compared to \$6.9 million in sales for the nine months ended September 30, 2018, an increase of approximately \$2.5 million or 37%. Same store sales increased in all of the markets as noted below comparing September 30, 2019 to September 30, 2018.

6 Same Stores All Markets				
	Nine months ended September 30, 2019	Nine months ended September 30, 2018	Variance	% Variance
Colorado market	\$ 6,897,311	\$ 4,888,915	\$ 2,008,396	41%
Washington market	988,239	718,149	270,090	38%
Nevada market	1,552,035	1,287,101	264,934	21%
Net revenue, all markets	<u>\$ 9,437,585</u>	<u>\$ 6,894,165</u>	<u>\$ 2,543,420</u>	37%

Cost of Goods Sold

Cost of goods sold for the nine months ended September 30, 2019 increased approximately \$23.5 million, or 158%, to approximately \$38.3 million, as compared to approximately \$14.9 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2018. The increase in cost of goods sold was primarily due to the 173% increase in sales comparing the nine months ended September 30, 2019 to the nine months ended September 30, 2018. The increase in cost of goods sold is directly attributable to the increase in the number of new and acquired stores as discussed above.

Gross profit was approximately \$16 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2019, compared to approximately \$5.1 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2018, an increase of approximately \$10.9 million or 215%. Gross profit as a percentage of sales was 29.5% for the nine months ended September 30, 2019, compared to 25.5% for the nine months ended September 30, 2018. The increase in the gross profit margin percentage was due to (1) reduced pricing from vendors as a result of our increasing purchases from those vendors, (2) the sale of product acquired in a large bulk purchase in the first quarter of 2019 at a substantial discount.

Operating Expenses

Operating expenses are comprised of store operations, primarily payroll, rent and utilities, and corporate overhead. Store operating costs were approximately \$7.4 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2019 and approximately \$3.5 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2018, an increase of approximately \$3.9 million or 113%. The increase in store operating costs was directly attributable to the 173% increase in sales from 1) the addition of seven (7) new locations that were acquired, 2) three new stores opened in new markets in the fourth quarter of 2018 and the first quarter of 2019 that were not open for any portion of the nine months ended September 30, 2018 and 3) the new ecommerce site acquired mid-September 2018. We also acquired 8 stores at various times in 2018. Effective April 1, 2019 we opened two warehouse facilities. The addition of these new stores and the new warehouse facilities was the primary reason for the increase in store operating costs. Store operating costs as a percentage of sales were 13.5% for the nine months ended September 30, 2019, compared to 17.3% for the nine months ended September 30, 2018. Store operating costs were positively impacted by the acquisitions of new stores in 2018 and 2019 which have a lower percentage of operating costs to revenues due to their larger size and higher volume. The net impact, as noted above, resulted in lower store operating costs as a percentage of revenues.

Corporate overhead is comprised of general and administrative costs, share based compensation, depreciation and amortization and corporate salaries and was approximately \$6 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2019, compared to approximately \$3.5 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2018. Corporate overhead was 11% of revenue for the nine months ended September 30, 2019 and 17.4% for the nine months ended September 30, 2018. The increase in salaries expense from 2018 to 2019 was due primarily to the increase in corporate staff to support expanding operations, including purchased store integrations, accounting and finance, information systems, purchasing and commercial sales staff. It should be noted that when we consummate a new acquisition, purchasing and back office accounting functions are stripped from the new acquisitions and those functions are absorbed into our existing centralized purchasing and accounting and finance departments, thus delivering cost savings. Corporate salaries and related payroll costs as a percentage of sales were 4.5% for the nine months ended September 30, 2019 compared to 6% for the nine months ended September 30, 2018. General and administrative expenses comprised mainly of advertising and promotions, travel & entertainment, professional fees and insurance, were approximately \$1.9 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2019 and approximately \$1.1 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2018, with a majority of the increase related to advertising and promotion, travel and entertainment and legal fees. General and administrative costs as a percentage of revenue were 3.5% for the nine months ended September 30, 2019, and 5.7% for the nine months ended September 30, 2018. As noted earlier, corporate overhead includes non-cash expenses, consisting primarily of depreciation and share based compensation, which was approximately \$1.6 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2019, compared to approximately \$1.2 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2018.

Net Income (Loss)

The net income for the nine months ended September 30, 2019 was approximately \$2.3 million, compared to a net loss of approximately \$(2.7) million for the nine months ended September 30, 2018, a positive change of approximately \$5 million. The net income for the nine months ended September 30, 2019 was primarily due to 1) a 173% increase in sales with only a 158% increase in cost of sales, 2) a reduction of store operating costs as a percentage of revenue from 17.3 % in 2018 to 13.5% in 2019, and 3) a reduction of overhead as a percentage of revenue from 17.4% in 2018 to 11% in 2019.

Operating Activities

Net cash used in operating activities for the nine months ended September 30, 2019 was approximately \$2.3 million compared to approximately \$1.9 million for nine months ended September 30, 2018. Cash used in operating activities is driven by our net income (loss) and adjusted by non-cash items as well as changes in operating assets and liabilities. Non-cash adjustments primarily include depreciation, amortization of intangible assets, share based compensation expense, non-cash operating lease expense and amortization of debt discount. Non-cash adjustments totaled approximately \$2.1 million and \$2 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2019 and 2018, respectively, so non-cash adjustments had a greater positive impact on net cash used in operating activities for the nine months ended September 30, 2019 than the same period in 2018. The increase in the net cash used in operating activities comparing the nine months ended September 30, 2019 to the nine months ended September 30, 2018, of approximately \$406,000, was primarily related to net income of approximately \$2.3 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2019 offset by significant increases in inventory (\$7.3 million), increased in accounts receivable (\$1.3 million) and increases in prepaids (\$2.2 million). The changes in operating assets described above were offset by non-cash adjustments of \$2.1 million, increases in accounts payable of \$3.1 million and increases in other liabilities of \$1 million.

Net cash used in operating activities for the nine months ended September 30, 2018 was approximately \$1.9 million. This amount was primarily related to a net loss of approximately \$2.7 million, increases of inventory of approximately \$1.2 million, accounts receivable of approximately \$356,000, offset by an increase in accounts payable and other current liabilities of approximately \$457,000 and non-cash adjustment of approximately \$2 million. The increase in inventory and a corresponding increase in trade payables was attributable to both an increase in revenues and an increase in the number of operating stores between January 1, 2018 and September 30, 2018.

Net cash used in investing activities was approximately \$10.2 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2019 and approximately \$6.3 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2018. Investing activities in 2019 were primarily attributable to store acquisitions in 2019, for which we paid approximately \$8.5 million in cash. Other investing activities in 2019 included the purchase of vehicles and store equipment totaling approximately \$1.5 million. Investing activities in for the nine months ended September 30, 2018 we primarily related to store acquisitions for which we paid approximately \$5.8 million and the purchase of vehicles and store equipment to support new store operations of approximately \$455,000.

Net cash provided by financing activities for the nine months ended September 30, 2019 was approximately \$13.8 million and was primarily attributable to proceeds from the sale of common stock and exercise of warrants of approximately \$14.1 million, offset by debt repayment of approximately \$340,000. Net cash provided by financing activities for nine months ended September 30, 2018 was \$21.2 million and was primarily from proceeds from the sale of convertible debt of \$8.9 million, proceeds from the sale of Common Stock and the exercise of warrants of \$12.5 million, offset by debt repayments of approximately \$219,000.

Use of Non-GAAP Financial Information

The Company believes that the presentation of results excluding certain items in "Adjusted EBITDA," such as non-cash equity compensation charges, provides meaningful supplemental information to both management and investors, facilitating the evaluation of performance across reporting periods. The Company uses these non-GAAP measures for internal planning and reporting purposes. These non-GAAP measures are not in accordance with, or an alternative for, generally accepted accounting principles and may be different from non-GAAP measures used by other companies. The presentation of this additional information is not meant to be considered in isolation or as a substitute for net income or net income per share prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles.

Set forth below is a reconciliation of Adjusted EBITDA to net income (loss):

	Three Months Ended	
	September 30, 2019	September 30, 2018
Net income (loss)	\$ 1,049,699	\$ (784,573)
Interest	27,067	(4,795)
Depreciation and Amortization	247,715	114,159
EBITDA	1,324,481	(675,209)
Non-cash operating lease expense	54,547	-
Share based compensation (option compensation, warrant compensation, stock issued for services)	553,492	367,098
Amortization of debt discount	114,210	236,527
Adjusted EBITDA	\$ 2,046,730	\$ (71,584)
Adjusted EBITDA per share, basic	\$.06	-
Adjusted EBITDA per share, diluted	\$.05	-

	Nine months ended	
	September 30, 2019	September 30, 2018
Net income (loss)	\$ 2,341,120	\$ (2,668,998)
Interest	35,757	14,535
Depreciation and Amortization	538,847	230,070
EBITDA	2,915,724	(2,424,393)
Non-cash operating lease expense	137,103	-
Share based compensation (option compensation, warrant compensation, stock issued for services)	1,075,735	920,446
Amortization of debt discount	356,306	858,624
Adjusted EBITDA	\$ 4,484,868	(645,323)
Adjusted EBITDA per share, basic	\$.14	\$ (.03)
Adjusted EBITDA per share, diluted	\$.12	\$ (.03)

LIQUIDITY AND CAPITAL RESOURCES

As of September 30, 2019, we had working capital of approximately \$30.4 million, compared to working capital of approximately \$21.6 million as of December 31, 2018, an increase of approximately \$8.8 million. The increase in working capital from December 31, 2018 to September 30, 2019 was due primarily to 1) proceeds from the sales of common stock and exercise of warrants totaling approximately \$14.1 million during the nine months ended September 30, 2019 offset by 2) the application of a new accounting standard related to accounting for operating leases which resulted in a \$1.6 million increase in current liabilities. At September 30, 2019, we had cash and cash equivalents of approximately \$16 million. As of the date of this filing, we believe that existing cash and cash equivalents are sufficient to fund existing operations for the next twelve months.

We anticipate that we will need additional financing in the future to continue to acquire and open new stores and related businesses. To date we have financed our operations through the issuance and sale of Common Stock, convertible notes and warrants.

Financing Activities

2019 Private Placement

On June 26, 2019, the Company completed a private placement of a total of 4,123,257 units of the Company's securities at the price of \$3.10 per unit pursuant to Section 4(a)(2) of the Securities Act and Rule 506 of Regulation D promulgated under the Securities Act. Each unit consisted of (i) one share of Common Stock and (ii) one 3-year warrant, each entitling the holder to purchase one half share of Common Stock, at a price of \$3.5 per share. The Company raised a total of \$12,782,099 from 19 accredited investors.

2018 Private Placement

On January 17, 2018, the Company completed a private placement of a total of 36 units of its securities at the price of \$250,000 per unit. Each unit consisted of (i) a .1% unsecured convertible promissory note in the principal amount of \$250,000, and (ii) a 3-year warrant entitling the holder to purchase 37,500 shares of Common Stock, at a price of \$.01 per share or through cashless exercise. The Company raised gross proceeds of \$9,000,000 from 23 accredited investors in the offering.

On May 9, 2018, the Company completed a private placement of a total of 33.33 units of the Company's securities at the price of \$300,000 per unit pursuant to Section 4(a)(2) of the Securities Act and Rule 506 of Regulation D promulgated under the Securities Act. Each unit consisted of (i) 100,000 shares of Common Stock and (ii) 50,000 3-year warrants, each entitling the holder to purchase one share of Common Stock, at a price of \$.35 per share or through cashless exercise. The Company raised a total of \$10,000,000 from three accredited investors.

2017 Private Placements

On March 10, 2017, the Company closed a private placement of a total of 825,000 units of its securities to 4 accredited investors. Each unit consisted of (i) one share of the Company's Common Stock and (ii) one 5-year warrant to purchase one share of Common Stock at an exercise price of \$2.75 per share. The Company raised an aggregate of \$1,650,000 gross proceeds in the offering.

On May 15, 2017, the Company closed a private placement of a total of 1,000,000 units of its securities through GVC Capital LLC ("GVC Capital") as its placement agent. Each unit consisted of (i) one share of the Company's Common Stock and (ii) one 5-year warrant to purchase one share of Common Stock at an exercise price of \$2.75 per share. The Company raised an aggregate of \$2,000,000 gross proceeds in the offering. The Company paid GVC Capital total compensation for its services as follows: (i) it issued GVC 5-year warrants to purchase 75,000 shares at \$2.00 per share and 5-year warrants to purchase 75,000 shares at \$2.75 per share (for which GVC paid \$100), (ii) it paid GVC a cash fee of \$150,000, (iii) it paid GVC a non-accountable expense allowance of \$60,000, and (iv) it agreed to pay GVC a warrant exercise fee equal to 3% of all sums received by the Company from the exercise of 750,000 warrants (excluding the 250,000 warrants issued to Merida Capital Partners, LP) when they are exercised.

Critical Accounting Policies, Judgments and Estimates

Use of Estimates

The preparation of these consolidated financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States (U.S. GAAP) requires management to make a number of estimates and assumptions related to the reported amount of assets and liabilities and the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the consolidated financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the period. Significant items subject to such estimates and assumptions include the carrying amount of intangible assets; valuation allowances and reserves for receivables, inventory and deferred income taxes; share-based compensation; and loss contingencies, including those related to litigation. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Accounts Receivable and Concentration of Credit Risk

Accounts receivable are recorded at the invoiced amounts less an allowance for doubtful accounts and do not bear interest. The allowance for doubtful accounts is based on our estimate of the amount of probable credit losses in our accounts receivable. We determine the allowance for doubtful accounts based upon an aging of accounts receivable, historical experience and management judgment. Accounts receivable balances are reviewed individually for collectability, and balances are charged off against the allowance when we determine that the potential for recovery is remote. An allowance for doubtful accounts of approximately \$119,237 has been reserved as of September 30, 2019 and \$133,288 at December 31, 2018.

We are exposed to credit risk in the normal course of business, primarily related to accounts receivable. We are affected by general economic conditions in the United States. To limit credit risk, management periodically reviews and evaluates the financial condition of its customers and maintains an allowance for doubtful accounts. As of September 30, and December 31, 2018, we do not believe that we have significant credit risk.

Fair Value of Financial Instruments

The carrying amounts of our financial instruments, including accounts receivable and accounts payable, are carried at cost, which approximates their fair value due to their short-term maturities. We believe that the carrying value of notes payable with third parties, including their current portion, approximate their fair value, as those instruments carry market interest rates based on our current financial condition and liquidity.

Long-lived Assets

We evaluate the carrying value of long-lived assets for impairment on an annual basis or whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amounts may not be recoverable. An asset is considered to be impaired when the anticipated undiscounted future cash flows of an asset group are estimated to be less than its carrying value. The amount of impairment recognized is the difference between the carrying value of the asset group and its fair value. Fair value estimates are based on assumptions concerning the amount and timing of estimated future cash flows. No impairment was determined as of September 30, 2019 and December 31, 2018.

Revenue Recognition

Revenue on product sales is recognized upon delivery or shipment. Customer deposits and lay away sales are not reported as revenue until final payment is received and the merchandise has been delivery.

Stock-based Compensation

We account for stock-based awards at fair value on the date of grant and recognize compensation over the service period that they are expected to vest. We estimate the fair value of stock options and stock purchase warrants using the Black-Scholes option pricing model. The estimated value of the portion of a stock-based award that is ultimately expected to vest, taking into consideration estimated forfeitures, is recognized as expense over the requisite service periods. The estimate of stock awards that will ultimately vest requires judgment, and to the extent that actual forfeitures differ from estimated forfeitures, such differences are accounted for as a cumulative adjustment to compensation expenses and recorded in the period that estimates are revised.

OFF-BALANCE SHEET ARRANGEMENTS

We do not have any off-balance sheet arrangements (as that term is defined in Item 303 of Regulation S-K) that are reasonably likely to have a current or future material effect on our financial condition, revenue or expenses, results of operations, liquidity, capital expenditures or capital resources.

ITEM 3. QUANTITATIVE AND QUALITATIVE DISCLOSURES ABOUT MARKET RISK.

We are a smaller reporting company and are not required to provide the information under this item pursuant to Regulation S-K.

ITEM 4. CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES.

Evaluation of Disclosure Controls and Procedures

Management maintains “disclosure controls and procedures,” as such term is defined in Rule 13a-15(e) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (the “Exchange Act”), that are designed to ensure that information required to be disclosed in our Exchange Act reports is recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified in the SEC rules and forms, and that such information is accumulated and communicated to management, including our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure.

In connection with the preparation of this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q, an evaluation was carried out by management, with the participation of our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, of the effectiveness of our disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e) under the Exchange Act) as of September 30, 2019.

Based on that evaluation, management concluded, that our disclosure controls and procedures were effective as of September 30, 2019 in recording, processing, summarizing, and reporting information required to be disclosed, within the time periods specified in the SEC’s rules and forms, and that such information is accumulated and communicated to management, including our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, as appropriate, to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure.

Changes in Internal Controls over Financial Reporting

As of the end of the period covered by this report, there have been no changes in the internal controls over financial reporting that materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting subsequent to the date of management’s last evaluation.

PART II – OTHER INFORMATION

Item 1. Legal Proceedings

None

Item 1A. Risk Factors

As a smaller reporting company, we are not required to provide the information required by this item.

Item 2. Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds

On June 26, 2019, the Company completed a private placement of a total of 4,123,254 units of the Company's securities at the price of \$3.10 per unit pursuant to Section 4(a)(2) of the Securities Act and Rule 506 of Regulation D promulgated under the Securities Act. Each unit consisted of (i) one share of Common Stock and (ii) one 3-year warrant, each entitling the holder to purchase one half share of Common Stock, at a price of \$3.5 per share. The Company raised a total of \$12,782,099 from 19 accredited investors.

Item 3. Defaults upon Senior Securities

None.

Item 4. Mine Safety Disclosures

Not applicable.

Item 5. Other Information

None.

Item 6. Exhibits

The following exhibits are included and filed with this report.

Exhibit	Exhibit Description
3.1	Certificate of Incorporation of GrowGeneration Corp. (Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.1 to the Registration Statement on Form S-1 as filed on November 9, 2015)
3.2	Bylaws of GrowGeneration Corp. (Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.2 to the Registration Statement on Form S-1 as filed on November 9, 2015)
10.1	Employment Agreement Dated November 4, 2019 between GrowGeneration Corp and Tony Sullivan
31.1	Rule 13a-14(a)/15d-14(a) certification of Chief Executive Officer
31.2	Rule 13a-14(a)/15d-14(a) certification of principal financial and accounting officer
32.1	Section 1350 certification of Chief Executive Officer*
32.2	Section 1350 certification of principal financial and accounting officer*
101	Interactive Data Files
101.INS	XBRL Instance Document
101.SCH	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Schema Document
101.CAL	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Calculation Linkbase Document
101.LAB	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Label Linkbase Document
101.PRE	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Presentation Linkbase Document
101.DEF	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Definition Linkbase Definition

* Furnished and not filed.

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities and Exchange Act of 1934, the Registrant has duly caused this Report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized on November 11, 2019.

GrowGeneration Corporation

By: /s/ Darren Lampert
Darren Lampert, Chief Executive Officer
(Principal Executive Officer)

By: /s/ Monty Lamirato
Monty Lamirato, Chief Financial Officer
(Principal Accounting Officer and
Principal Financial Officer)